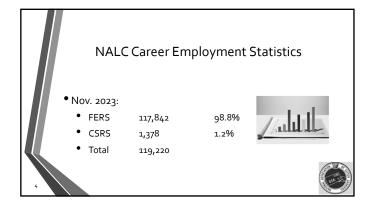


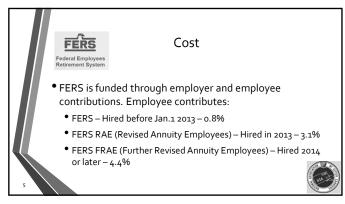
Federal Employees Retirement System Civil Service Retirement System Federal Employees Health Benefit Federal Employees Group Life Insurance Thrift Savings Plan Social Security Administration Other considerations Applying Post-retirement info

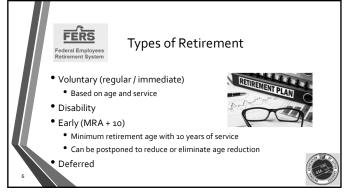
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Federal Employees Retirement System (FERS) Became effective Jan. 1, 1987 – applied retroactively to new hires on and after Jan. 1, 1984 Three components FERS Basic Benefit – a defined benefit plan Special Annuity Supplement Social Security Thrift Savings Plan – a defined contribution plan

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Types of Retirement

- Alternative Form of Annuity (AFA)
 - $^{\bullet}$ Life-threatening affliction or other critical medical condition
- Early Voluntary Retirement
 - Due to a reduction-in-force (RIF)
- Phased
 - Not currently available to USPS employees



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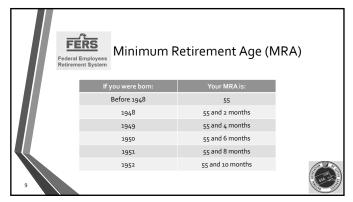
Voluntary Retirement

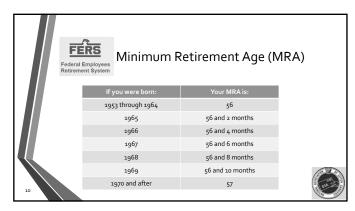
- This seminar focuses on voluntary retirement or "regular" retirement based on age and service that starts immediately after separation.
- NALC members considering MRA + 10 (early), disability, or other types of retirement should obtain direct one-on-one advice from a branch officer, their NBA office, or the NALC HQ retirement department.

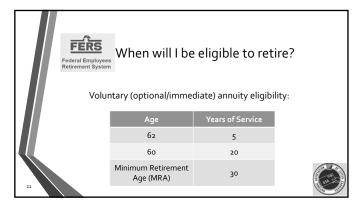


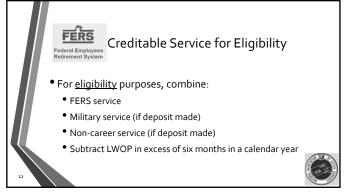


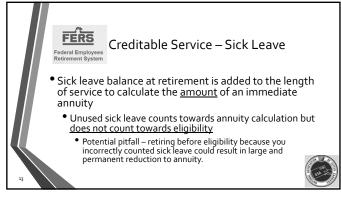
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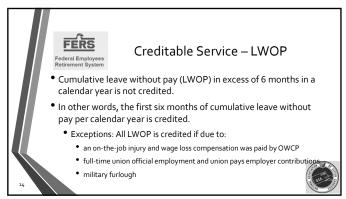


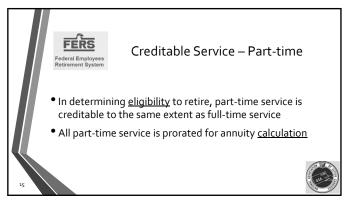


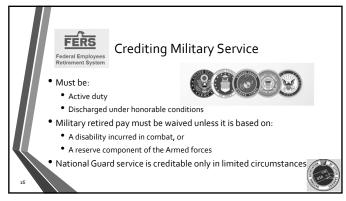




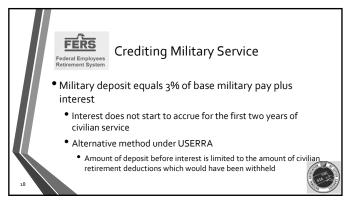














Making a Deposit for Military Service

- Call USPS Human Resources Shared Service Center (HRSSC)
 - (877) 477- 3273 (option 5)
- Complete SF 3108 Application to Make Service Credit Payment
- Submit completed form with DD 214 or equivalent record to verify the service, as well as military earnings statements
- Remember the full deposit must be completed <u>prior</u> to separation



19



Crediting Non-Career Federal Service

- Service prior to 1989
 - Credited only if deposit is made
- Service on or after Jan. 1, 1989
 - Not creditable without legislative action
 - https://www.nalc.org/government-affairs
- Cost 1.3% of basic pay of the non-career service, plus interest





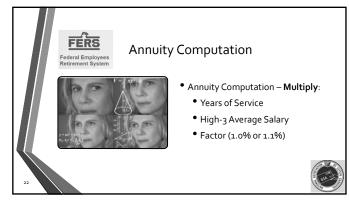
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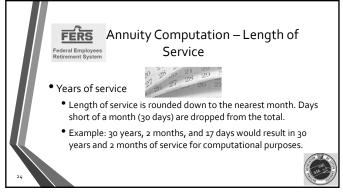
Making a Deposit for Non-Career Service

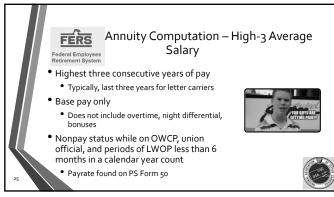
- Call USPS HRSSC: (877) 477- 3273 (option 5)
- Complete SF 3108 Application to Make Service Credit Payment
- Deposit can be made to USPS prior to separation or directly to OPM after separation.

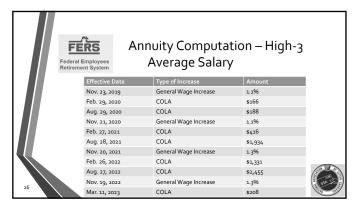


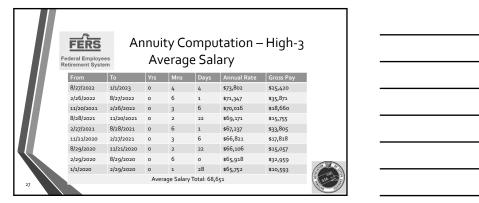


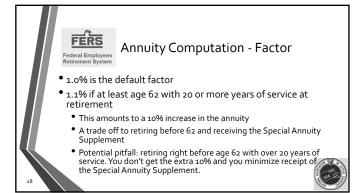


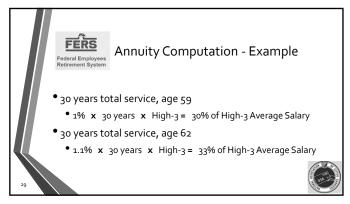


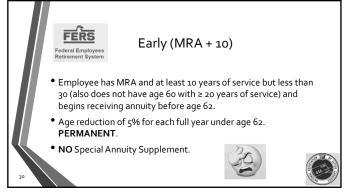














Special Annuity Supplement

- Intended to substitute for the Social Security part of the total FERS benefit until age 62
- Paid by OPM, not Social Security
- Subject to earnings test
- No Cost-of-Living Adjustments
- Ends at age 62 whether you start Social Security or not



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Special Annuity Supplement

- Eligibility
 - Must have at least one full calendar year of FERS service
 - Retiring voluntarily on an immediate annuity which is not reduced for age. At or after:
 - MRA with at least 30 years of service
 - Age 60 with at least 20 years of service
 - Not eligible if retiring age 62 or later



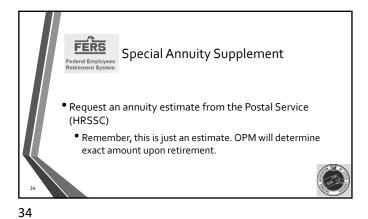
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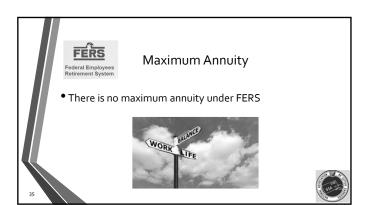


Special Annuity Supplement

- Earnings Test
 - Earnings are wages, including self-employment.
 - Does not include investment gains, interest, pensions, TSP withdrawals, etc.
 - Must report earnings each year to OPM.
 - Exempt amount subject to change each year. Aligns with Social Security earnings limitation. Supplement is reduced by \$1 for each \$2 earned above the limit.
 - 2024 earnings limit is \$22,320.







Survivor Annuity

Federal Employees Retirement System

**Annuity will be reduced to provide a survivor annuity if:

**Electing a survivor annuity for a spouse

**A former spouse is entitled to a survivor annuity based on a valid court order

**Electing to provide an insurable interest annuity

*Important: a surviving spouse can continue FEHB coverage after an annuitant's death ONLY if a survivor annuity election was made and the spouse was actively covered at the time of death.



Survivor Annuity

- ullet Cost
 - Full survivor annuity costs 10% of annuity
 - Provides a survivor annuity of 50%
 - Partial survivor annuity costs 5% of annuity
 - Provides a survivor annuity of 25%



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Insurable Interest Annuity

- Insurable interest is an insurance term which applies to someone who would reasonably expect to derive financial benefit from your continued life.
- It is presumed to exist if you name as beneficiary of the insurable interest, any of the following individuals:
 - a spouse; a blood or adopted relative closer than first cousins; an exspouse; a person to whom you are engaged to be married; or a person with whom you are living in a relationship that would constitute a common-law marriage in a jurisdiction that recognizes common-law marriages.

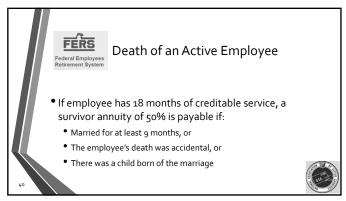
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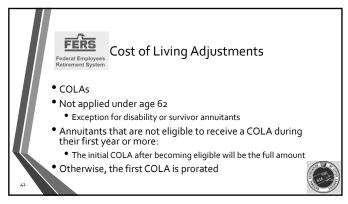


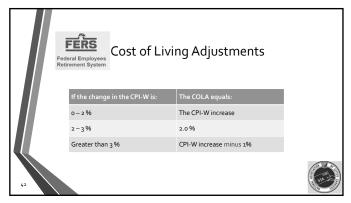
Insurable Interest Annuity

- If insurable interest annuity is for a person not just listed, affidavit required to provide additional information about relationship, and financial dependency.
- Cost increases based on age difference. From 10% annuity reduction to 40% when named person is 30 or more years younger.











Enhanced Annuity

- Extra benefit for those injured on the job and receiving wage loss compensation (WLC) for at least two months total
 - While on WLC cannot contribute to Social Security or Thrift Savings Plan
 - Law passed in 2003 to offset these losses



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Enhanced Annuity

- Must have at least two months of LWOP while receiving WLC
- Continuation of Pay not included (still making TSP and Social Security contributions)
- No action required to receive the enhanced annuity
 - Should be automatic and will be built into gross annuity



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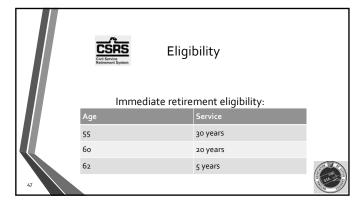


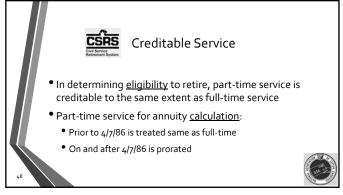
Enhanced Annuity

- Provides an additional one (1) percent per year towards annuity
- Example: 13 months of LWOP while receiving WLC is 1 and 1/12 or 1.083 percent in addition to the regular annuity computation
- Applies to FERS only











Military Service

- Military Service prior to Jan. 1, 1957, is creditable for retirement eligibility and computation, without making deposit
- Military Service on or after Jan. 1, 1957, may be creditable based on various factors, including whether deposit has been made prior to separation



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Post-1956 Military Service

- If first employed under CSRS on or after 10/01/82
- must make deposit to obtain credit for eligibility and calculation



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Post-1956 Military Service

- If first employed in a position covered by CSRS before 10/01/82:
 - $^{\bullet}\,$ If retiring prior to age 62, may receive credit without making deposit
 - If no deposit is made, annuity will be reduced at age 62, if the retiree is eligible
 for Social Security benefits; this is called "Catch 62". If the retiree is not
 eligible for Social Security benefits at age 62, there is no reduction in annuity.
 - If retiring on or after age 62, can receive credit for purposes of annuity calculation if eligible for Social Security benefits only if deposit was made
 - The military service may be creditable for establishing eligibility to retire even if no deposit is made.





Military Service

- Cost of deposit
 - Military deposit equals 7% of base military pay plus interest
 - Interest does not start to accrue for the first 2 years of civilian
- Full deposit must be made to USPS prior to separation
- Process:
 - Call USPS Shared Services (877) 477-3273 (option 5)
 - Complete and submit Standard Form 2803A
- Include DD 214 and military earnings statements



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Crediting Non-Career Service

- Service prior to Oct. 1, 1982
 - Credited for eligibility and computation
 - but annuity reduced by 10% of amount of deposit due if deposit not
- Service on or after Oct. 1, 1982
 - Credited for eligibility automatically
 - Credited for computation only if deposit is made



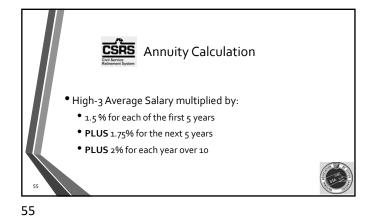
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Crediting Non-Career Service

- Cost of deposit
 - Generally, 7% of the basic pay of the non-career service, plus
- The process to make a deposit
 - Call USPS HRSSC (877) 477-3273 (option 5)
 - Complete SF 2803 Application to Make Deposit or Redeposit
- Deposit for non-career service can be made to USPS prior to separation or directly to OPM after separation.





Annuity Calculation

- Example 30 years total service
 - 1.5% **x** 5 = 7.5%
 - 1.75% **x** 5 = 8.75%
 - 2.0% **x** 20 = 40%
 - 7.5% + 8.75% + 40% = 56.25%
- Results in **56.25%** of High-3 Average Salary



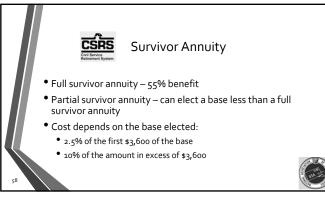
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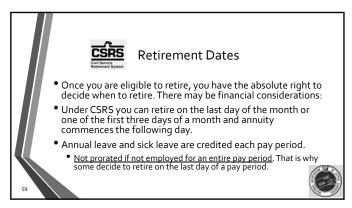


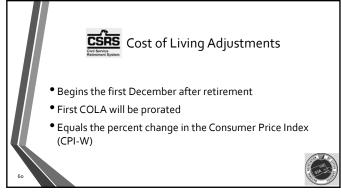
CSRS Maximum Annuity

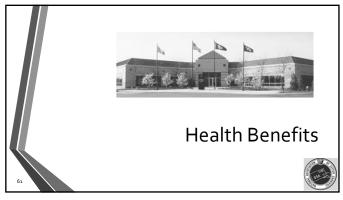
- Maximum annuity is 80% of the high-3 average salary
 - Equivalent to 41 years and 11 months of service
- Maximum of 80% can be exceeded with sick leave credit
- Working beyond the maximum
 - Employee continues to make CSRS contributions, but they will be returned with interest after separation













Federal Employees Health Benefits

- Information from the Office of Personnel Management
- www.opm.gov
 - Plan brochures
 - Comparison tools
 - Questions & Answers

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Federal Employees Health Benefits

- In order to carry your FEHB coverage into retirement, you must be <u>eligible</u> to retire on an <u>immediate</u> annuity (including the FERS MRA + 10 retirement); and
- 5-year rule: You must have been continuously enrolled (or covered as a family member) in any FEHB plan(s) for the 5 years of service immediately before the date your annuity starts
 - or for the full period(s) of service since your first opportunity to enroll, if less than 5 years



Federal Employees Health Benefits

The 5-year requirement period can include the following:

- the time you are covered as a family member under another person's FEHB enrollment; or
- the time you are covered under the Uniformed Services Health Benefits Program (also known as TRICARE) as long as you were covered under a FEHB enrollment at the time of your retirement.

NOTE: a surviving spouse can continue FEHB coverage after an annuitant's death <u>only</u> if a survivor election was made and the spouse was actively covered at the time of death.



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Federal Employees Health Benefits



- Deferred Retirement
 - If you separated from Federal service before you <u>could</u> retire you are not eligible to enroll in FEHB when you start to receive your deferred annuity.

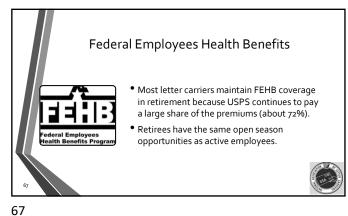


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Federal Employees Health Benefits

- Postponed Retirement under FERS
 - If you are eligible for an immediate retirement and otherwise eligible to continue coverage into retirement, you will be eligible to reenroll for health benefits and life insurance coverage when you begin to receive your postponed annuity.





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Federal Employees Health Benefits Generally, decisions to drop FEHB coverage are irrevocable. Certain circumstances permit suspension (as opposed to termination) of FEHB enrollment: enrolling in Medicare Advantage, TRICARE, CHAMPVA, or Medicaid. If you cancel your FEHB to be covered as a family member under another person's FEHB enrollment, you are eligible to reenroll if you lose coverage under the other person's enrollment as long as you were eligible to carry coverage at retirement. To reenroll, you must contact OPM within the period beginning 31 days before and ending 60 days after your loss of other FEHB coverage.

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Medicare Integration • Postal Service Reform Act of 2022 • Eliminated onerous prefunding of Retiree Health Benefits • Six-day delivery secured • Postal-only FEHB plans to integrate Medicare coverage

Medicare Integration

- Choice to enroll in Medicare (or not):
 - Annuitants and active employees who retire before Jan. 1, 2025
 - Active employees at least 64 years of age as of Jan. 1, 2025
- Special Enrollment Period
- Everyone else will be required to enroll in Medicare Parts A and B if maintaining FEHB in retirement
- Approximately 80% of annuitants already choose to enroll in Part B



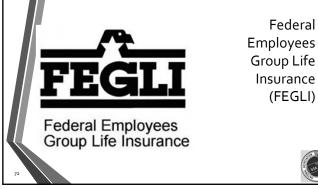
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Medicare Integration

- Special Enrollment Period
 - 6-month window beginning April 1, 2024
 - Allows those with a choice to enroll in Medicare Part B <u>without penalty</u>
 - Eligible annuitants will receive instructions via mail
- Health care is an important personal choice, consider:
 - How your health insurance interacts with Part B
 - Costs and benefits
 - You can't predict the future



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Federal **Employees** Group Life Insurance



Federal Employees Group Life Insurance

- FEGLI is term life insurance. It does not build any cash value.
- There are no regularly scheduled open seasons to elect or increase FEGLI coverage. OPM schedules open seasons intermittently and rarely. Annuitants are <u>not eligible</u> to participate in open season (though certain compensationers are).
- FEGLI Handbook:





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Federal Employees Group Life Insurance

- In order to carry any FEGLI coverage into retirement, you must have been covered for the five years prior to retirement
- Annuitants can reduce or cancel FEGLI coverage at any time
- If annuitant elects to reduce or cancel any part of FEGLI coverage, the election is irrevocable
- Annuitants cannot increase coverage, even during open season



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Federal Employees Group Life Insurance

- Basic Final salary rounded up to nearest 1,000 plus \$2,000
- Option A Straight \$10,000.
- Option B Final salary rounded up to nearest \$1,000. Increased by up to 5 multiples.
- Option C Family: \$5,000 spouse and \$2,500 eligible children. Increased by up to 5 multiples .



Federal Employees Group Life Insurance

- Basic Final salary rounded up to nearest 1,000 plus \$2000
- Three choices at retirement:
 - 75% Reduction payout reduces 2% per month starting at age 65 (or at retirement if > 65) until it reaches 25%, then frozen. No premiums once it starts to reduce.
 - 50% Reduction payout reduces 1% per month starting at age 65 (or at retirement if >65) until it reaches 50%, then frozen. Premiums increase with age for life (unless annuitant switches to 75% reduction).
 - No Reduction payout remains the same. Premiums increase with age for life unless annuitant switches to 75% reduction.



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Federal Employees Group Life Insurance

- Option A \$10,000 benefit
 - The amount of Option A coverage automatically begins reducing at age 65, or retirement, if later.
 - The amount of coverage reduces by 2% (\$200) each month until the amount has been reduced by 75%. Only 25% of the original amount (\$2,500) is payable as a death benefit once the full reduction has been reached. No premiums once it starts to reduce.
 - There is no election other than whether to keep it.

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Federal Employees Group Life Insurance

- Option B Final salary rounded to next \$1,000. Up to 5 multiples.
 - At retirement, elect how many of your multiples you want to continue, and choose "no reduction" or "full reduction" at age 65 (or retirement, if later).
 - You may split elections among your multiples.
 - Full Reduction the original value reduces by 2% each month for 50 months, at which time no benefits are payable. No premiums once it starts to reduce.
 - No Reduction no reduction in coverage, but you will continue to pay premiums associated with your age group.



Federal Employees Group Life Insurance

- Option C Family: \$5,000 spouse and \$2,500 eligible children times up to 5 multiples
 - Elect how many of your multiples you want to continue and choose "no reduction" or "full reduction" at age 65 (or at retirement, if later).
 - Full Reduction the value reduces by 2% of the original amount each month for 50 months, at which time no benefits are payable. No premiums once it starts to reduce.
 - No Reduction no reduction in coverage, but you will continue to pay premiums appropriate to your age group.

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- FEGLI Calculator (continue through to calculate coverage following retirement)





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Mutual Benefit Association

- Founded in 1891 by and for NALC members and their families
- Designed to give members and their families the best possible protection for the lowest cost.
- Many plans and options available.







Mutual Benefit Association

- Retirement Savings Plan
- Annuities
- Short-term Disability and Hospital Confinement
- Whole Life
- Term Life
- Group Insurance available to branches



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- The Thrift Savings Plan (TSP) is administered by the Federal Retirement Thrift Investment Board (FRTIB). The Board is required by law to manage the TSP solely in the interest of TSP participants and their beneficiaries.
- An Employee Thrift Advisory Council (ETAC) provides advice to the Board on investment policies and administration of the TSP.

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Thrift Savings Plan

- Employer Contributions
 - Agency Automatically contributes 1%
 - Matches first 3% dollar for dollar
 - Matches next 2% 50 cents on the dollar
- Maximum: If employee contributes 5% (or more), the Postal Service will contribute 5%.
- Those that don't contribute at least 5% are missing out on employer contributions.



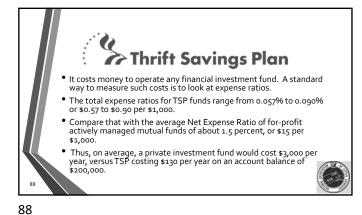


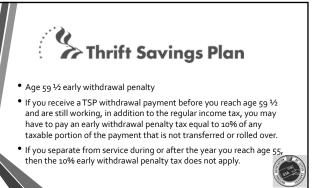


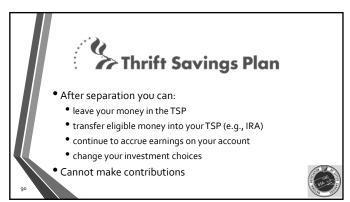
When you retire with a significant TSP balance, a host of financial and retirement planners, insurance salesmen, stockbrokers, bankers, hedge-fund operators, and the like are going to be very interested in that balance. They will try and convince you to take your money out of the TSP and invest it with them.

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- Installment payments
 - Monthly, quarterly, or annual
 - Fixed dollar amount or based on life expectancy
- Partial or total distributions
- Annuity purchases
- You can choose any of these options or any combination
- Withdrawals are subject to federal income tax

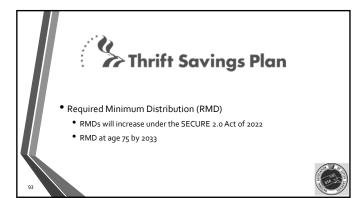




- Required Minimum Distribution (RMD)
 - IRS requires RMDs beginning in the calendar year when you become age 73 (if you reach 73 in 2023 or later) and are separated from service.
 - If you do not start withdrawing by age 73 or the total amount of your withdrawals does not satisfy the RMD, TSP will disburse your RMD or issue a supplemental payment for the remaining amount of your RMD by the deadline each year.
 - If they automatically send you an RMD and you have both traditional and Roth balances, the RMD will be proportional from each balance.



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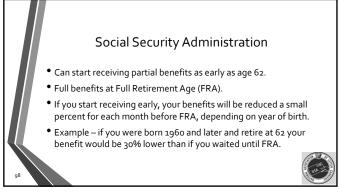














Social Security Administration

- You may choose to keep working beyond your FRA. If so, you can increase your future Social Security benefits in two ways:
 - Each extra year of work adds another year of earnings to your Social Security record
 - Your benefit will increase automatically by a certain percentage from the time you reach your full retirement age until you start receiving your benefits or until you reach age 70. The percentage varies depending on your year of birth.
- For example, if you were born in 1943 or later, you'll add 8 percent a year to your benefit for each year you delay signing up for Social Security beyond your full retirement age.

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Social Security Administration

- Earnings limitation You can continue to work and still get retirement benefits. Social Security will reduce your benefits if your earnings exceed certain limits before you reach full retirement age:
 - The years before your FRA SSA will deduct \$1 in benefits for each \$2 you earn above the annual limit (\$22,320 for 2024).
 - In the calendar year you reach your FRA SSA will reduce your benefits \$1 for every \$3 you earn over an annual limit (\$59,520 for 2024) until the month you reach full retirement age.
 - Once you reach full retirement age, you can keep working and your benefit won't be reduced no matter how much you earn.

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Joining the 'Last Punch Bunch'

- Decide what day to retire
- Request annuity estimate & application
- Other considerations & prep
- Retirement counseling
- Complete the forms
- Send them in





Best day to retire

- Once you are eligible to retire, you have the absolute right to decide when to retire. There may be financial considerations:
 - Entitlement to FERS annuity begins the first day of the month following the month in which you retire. Therefore, many letter carriers decide to retire the last day of a month.
 - Annual leave and sick leave are not credited if an employee does not remain employed for an entire pay period, so some decide to retire last day of a pay period to receive the leave.
 - Big picture: any day that ends in 'Y' is a good day to retire.

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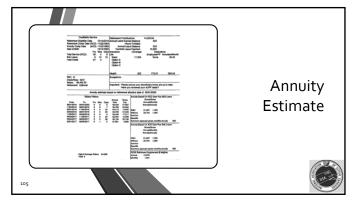
Get your annuity estimate

- Call USPS Shared Services and ask for annuity estimate based on desired retirement date.
- ${}^{\bullet}$ Online at USPS LiteBlue for a quicker estimate.
- Estimates do not bind you to retire.





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Annuity Estimate

- Check what retirement date the estimate is based on
- Retirement Comp Date (RCD) is used to determine eligibility to retire and <u>assumes</u> all service listed on the service history report is accurate
- Total Time = Total Actual Service plus Sick Leave
 - Used to determine annuity computation
- Contains High-3 Average Salary
- Includes estimates with and without a survivor annuity benefit
- Includes special annuity supplement estimate



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Military Deposit

 Deposit for military time, unlike deposit for prior noncareer federal service, <u>must be completed prior to</u> retirement.



Flexible Spending Account (FSA)

- Your period of participation ends the day after you retire.
 - You may file a claim for the expenses of services or items that were received prior to the day after your retirement.
 - Any services or items provided after your retirement date are not eligible for payment.
- Claims for reimbursement of services or items received while still employed may be made until September 30 of the following year.
- If you used your entire elected amount before it has been deducted from your pay, you will not be responsible for the remaining allotments.

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Uniforms

- Payment to the vendor is not allowed if the following conditions exist:
 - The employee separates from the uniform program for any reason, including retirement, within 30 days following purchase of items of uniform wear that are not recognizable as distinctive uniform items unless worn with the basic outer garments of the uniform.
 - Nondistinctive items: shoes, gloves, rubbers, galoshes, overboots, hose, face masks, pith helmets, and belts.
 - When there is evidence that, before making the purchase, the employee indicated an intention to separate from the uniform program for any reason, including retirement...
- See Employee and Labor Relations Manual Section 936.2



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Official Personnel Folder

- Official Personnel Folders (OPFs) contain important documents such as:
 - Health Benefits Program Registration
 - FEGLI Enrollment forms
 - Designations of Beneficiary
 - Form 50 history
- Before you retire, save your eOPF. You will lose access immediately upon separation.
 - \bullet You will not be able to retrieve documents from USPS after separation.
- Problems can arise with retirement that can be resolved easily if the retiree has these documents.



Retirement Counseling

- Call USPS HRSSC and request a counseling session.
- Session is on the clock if scheduled during tour of employee.
- You have a right to have your spouse and/or advisor present at the session.
 - If the spouse/advisor is also a postal employee, they do not have a right to be on the clock.
- ${}^{\bullet}$ You have a right to a private space for the session.
- M-01708 in NALC's Materials Reference System.



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Complete the Forms

- The forms in the application book are preprinted with your name and employee ID number, which will help ensure efficient and problem-free processing.
- Copy the forms so that a blank form is always available. Some of the forms are not valid if erasures, whiteouts or corrections are made.
- Utilize the retirement counseling if you have questions about the forms.
- Make copies of the completed forms for your records.



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Certified Summary of Federal Service

- Certified Summary of Federal Service
 - SF 3107-1 (FERS)
 - SF 2801-1 (CSRS)
- This form will come blank. However, the form clearly asks you to review the information after the employing office completes and certifies the form. You are not required to sign this form (blank or completed).
- If you request the Postal Service complete the form so that you can review it, and they refuse, talk to your shop steward. They can initiate a grievance prior to your separation. It doesn't have to stop you from retiring. In this event, shop stewards should consult with the Retirement Department.



Submit the Application

- Send the completed forms to HRSSC / USPS. Ideally 60 days prior to separation.
- After your last day, USPS will finalize their portion and send to OPM.
- OPM will send you a CSA number and begin interim payments, usually without delay.
- OPM makes annuity payments the first business day of the month. The payment is for the preceding month.

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- While OPM processes your application and calculates your benefit, they will begin making interim payments
 - Computed at about 80% of estimated (net) annuity
 - Only federal income taxes are withheld
- OPM will finalize your application
 - Typically takes 2-3 months
 - Begin paying your exact benefit with appropriate deductions
 - Will account for any back pay due to the interim payments



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Post-Retirement

- Terminal Leave Payments
- Direct Deposit of Annuity
- Post-Retirement Debt Collection
- OPM Services Online
- Cost of Living Adjustments
- Federal Income Tax
- Notice of Annuity Adjustment
- NALC Membership





Terminal Leave Payments • Lump sum terminal leave payment includes: • accumulated AL up to maximum carryover • normally 440 hours, but expanded to 520 hours into the 2024 leave year • any unused donated leave • holidays that fall within the terminal leave period (for FTRs and PTRs) • Leave in excess of the carryover will be forfeited • Any part of the unused AL earned during the leave year of separation that is in excess of the carryover is granted prior to separation. AL would need to be requested. See ELM 512.732b

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Direct Deposit

- OPM requires direct deposit of monthly annuity
- Deposit can be to an account at a financial institution such as a credit union or bank
- Or deposit can be to a Direct Express Card
 - Can be used to make purchases at stores or financial institutions that accept MasterCard. There are no fees for the deposit into the card each month, and no charge for using the card to make purchases.
 - Go to www.GoDirect.gov for information about fees and the surchard free network.

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Post-Retirement Debt Collection

- If you receive notice from USPS after separation that you owe money, immediately contact your branch and your NBA office. Two ways to appeal:
 - <u>3o-day</u> time limit to appeal through the Debt Collection Act which requires USPS to provide appeal rights.
 Or file a grievance which must be received at Step B within 30 days from the date the retiree
 - Or file a grievance which must be received <u>at</u> Step B within <u>30 days</u> from the date the retiree
 first learned, or may reasonably have been expected to have learned, of the Postal Service's
 intent to collect the debt.
- If you do not timely appeal (or pay/make a payment plan), USPS will advise the U.S. Treasury, which will deduct the debt from your retirement, income tax, social security, etc., without any appeal rights. Treasury will add interest and penalties.



OPM Services Online • Sign up!

- www.servicesonline.opm.gov/
- You need your CSA number and a temporary password, so you can't sign up until you receive those from OPM.



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OPM Services Online

- View/print 1099-R tax forms
- Change federal and state income tax withholding
- View/print annuity statement and verification of income
- View/print a year-to-date summary of payments
- View/print verification of life insurance (FEGLI)
- Change mailing address
- Change mailing add
 Change password

- View the status of case while in interim pay
- Establish an allotment to an organization
- Request duplicate annuity booklet
- Set up a checking or savings allotment
- Sign up for direct deposit of annuity payment
- Update email address/opt-in to receive information electronically
- View/print retirement services reference card (ID card)



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Federal Income Tax

- Your annuity is subject to federal income tax. The total amount you contributed into the Civil Service Retirement and Disability Trust Fund over your working career, however, is tax sheltered, since that amount has already been subject to federal income tax
- Form 1099-R used to detail distributions from pensions.
- Will be available by end of January each year. Mailed and on Services Online.
- Includes Gross and Taxable amount.



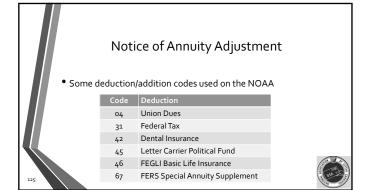


Notice of Annuity Adjustment

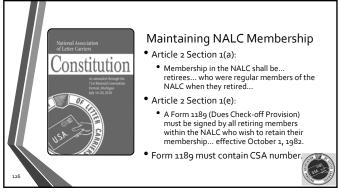
- OPM mails a hardcopy once a year if there is a change
 - e.g., COLA increase
- Notice shows:
 - Gross
 - Deductions
 - Net
- Survivor annuity is not listed as a deduction
 - The gross annuity is the amount <u>after</u> reduction for survivor annuity

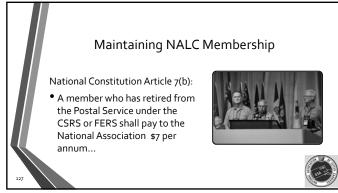


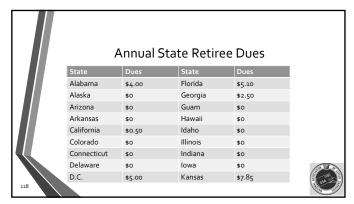
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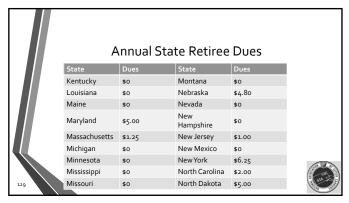


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Legislative Attacks on Retirement

- 2012 Budget Proposal to reduce Social Security COLAs (not passed)
- 2012 House Resolution passed: Changes employee contributions from 7% to 12%, employer contributions from 7% to 2% (not passed by the Senate)
- 2013 Law changed FERS employee contributions from 0.8% to 3.1% (law passed!)
- 2014 Law changed FERS employee contributions from 3.1% to 4.4% (law passed!)

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Legislative Attacks on Retirement

- 2018, 2019, 2020 Budget Proposals to:
 - change FERS employee contributions from 4.4% to 7.5%
 - change high-3 to high-5
 - eliminate FERS COLA
 - reduce CSRS COLA
 - eliminate FERS Special Annuity Supplement
 - reduce TSP G-Fund interest rate



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Legislative Attacks on Retirement

- Republican Study Committee 2024 Budget Proposal
 - Led by Chairman Kevin Hern (R-OK)
 - Eliminate the FERS basic benefit for all new employees
 - Change the high-3 average salary to high-5
 - Employees pay more
 - Reduce and eliminate COLAs



