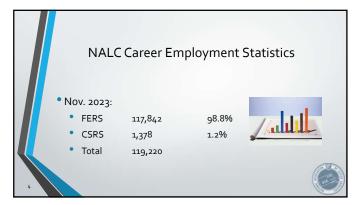
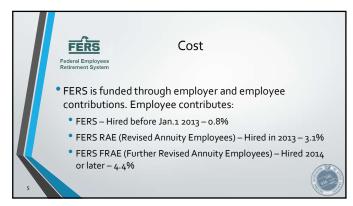


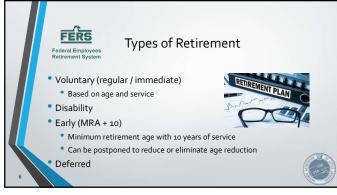


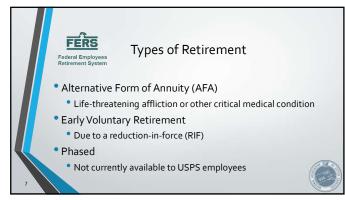
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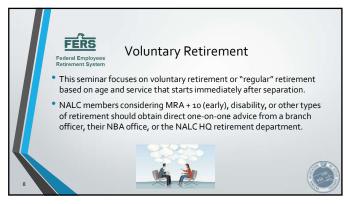
Federal Employees Retirement System (FERS) • Became effective Jan. 1, 1987 – applied retroactively to new hires on and after Jan. 1, 1984 • Three components • FERS Basic Benefit – a defined benefit plan • Special Annuity Supplement • Social Security • Thrift Savings Plan – a defined contribution plan

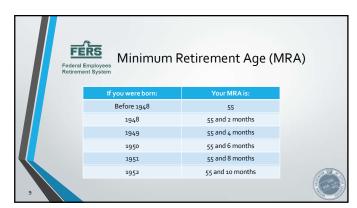




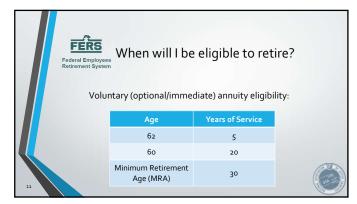


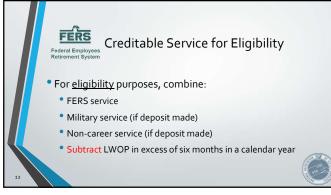


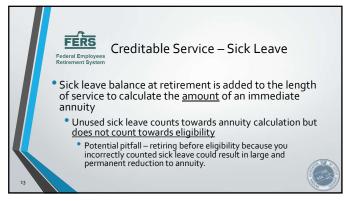


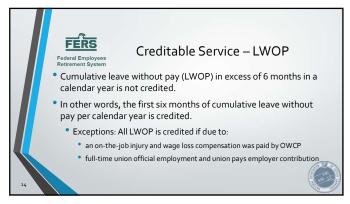


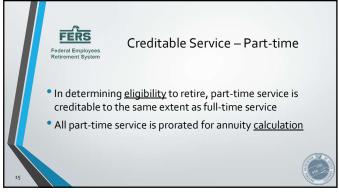


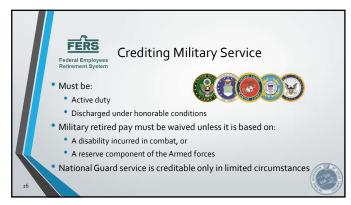


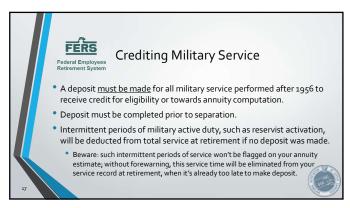


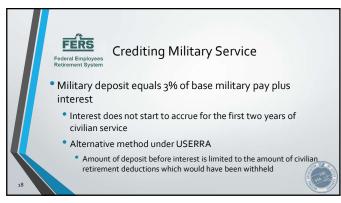


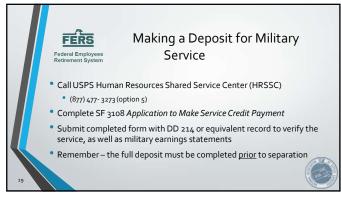




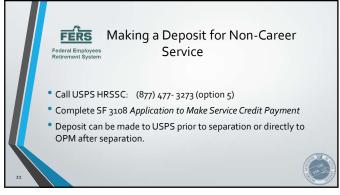


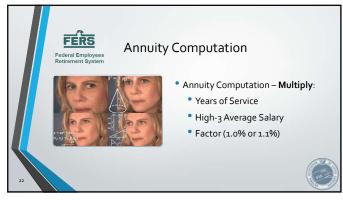


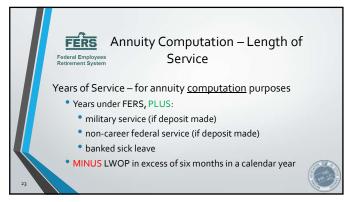




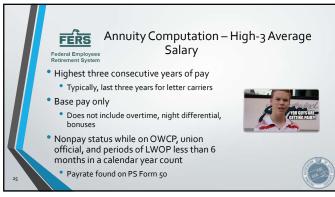




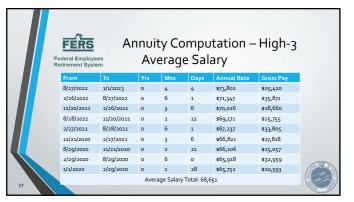


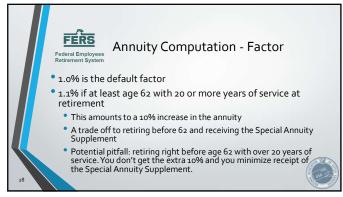


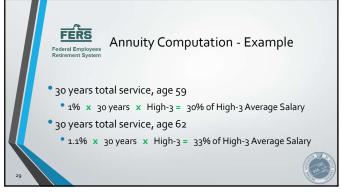


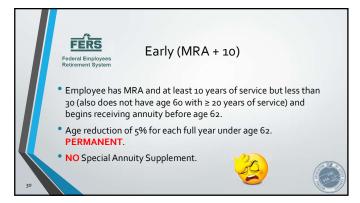


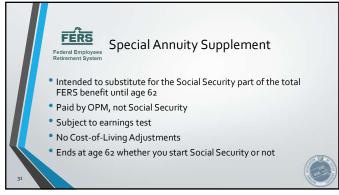
| | Employees nt System | Annuity Computation – High-3 Average Salary | | |
|----|------------------------|------------------------------------------------|---------|-------|
| | Effective Date | Type of Increase | Amount | |
| | Nov. 23, 2019 | General Wage Increase | 1.1% | |
| | Feb. 29, 2020 | COLA | \$166 | |
| | Aug. 29, 2020 | COLA | \$188 | |
| | Nov. 21, 2020 | General Wage Increase | 1.1% | |
| | Feb. 27, 2021 | COLA | \$416 | |
| | Aug. 28, 2021 | COLA | \$1,934 | |
| | Nov. 20, 2021 | General Wage Increase | 1.3% | |
| | Feb. 26, 2022 | COLA | \$1,331 | |
| | Aug. 27, 2022 | COLA | \$2,455 | |
| | Nov. 19, 2022 | General Wage Increase | 1.3% | us Sa |
| 26 | Mar. 11, 2023 | COLA | \$208 | |

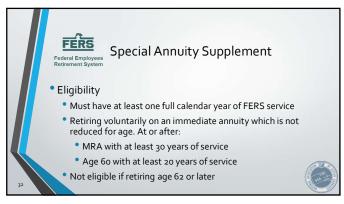


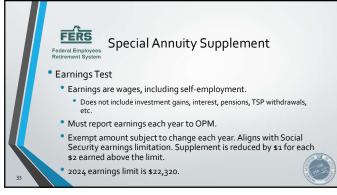


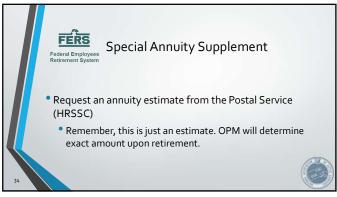


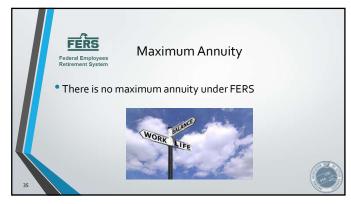


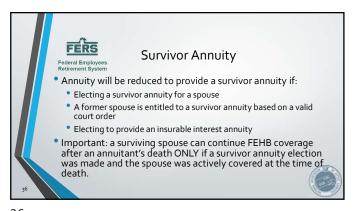


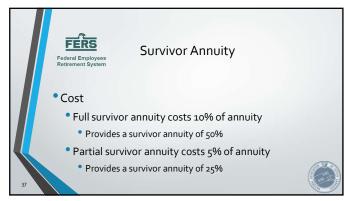


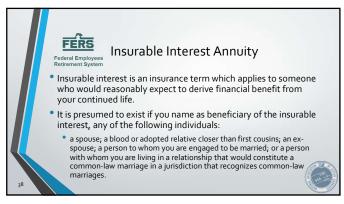


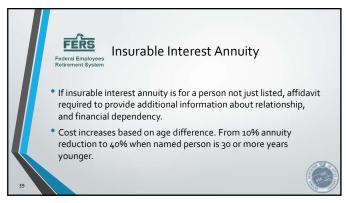


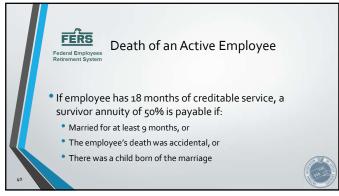


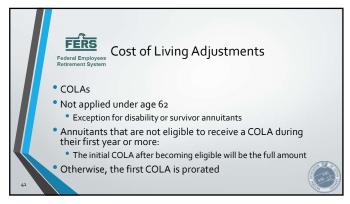


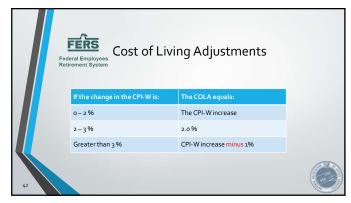


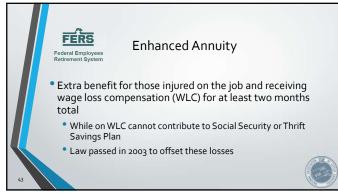


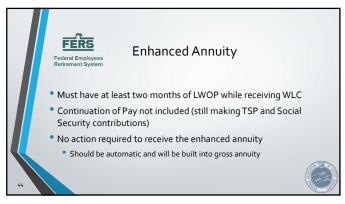


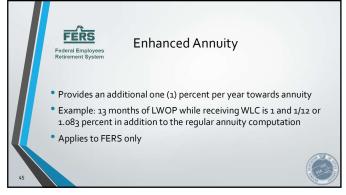






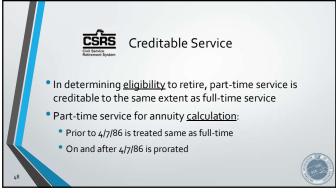


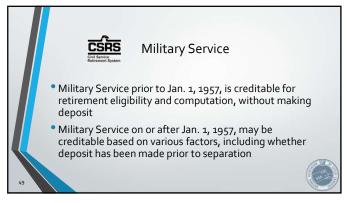


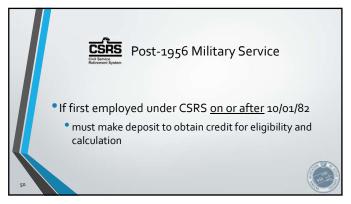


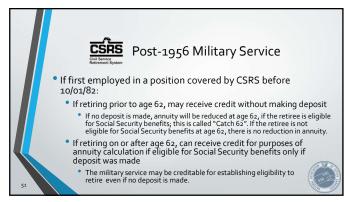












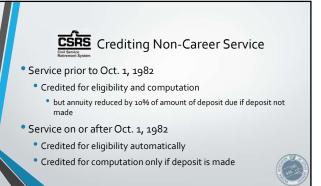


Military Service

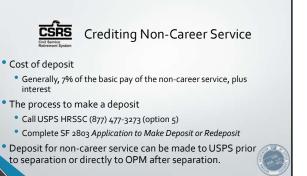
- - Military deposit equals 7% of base military pay plus interest
 - Interest does not start to accrue for the first 2 years of civilian
- Full deposit must be made to USPS prior to separation
- Process:
- Call USPS Shared Services (877) 477-3273 (option 5)
 - Complete and submit Standard Form 2803A
- Include DD 214 and military earnings statements

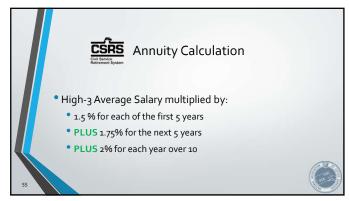


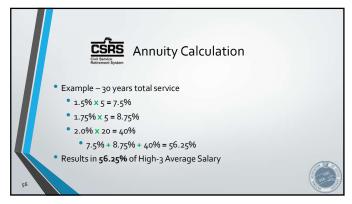
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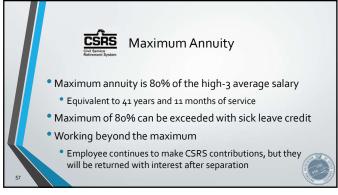


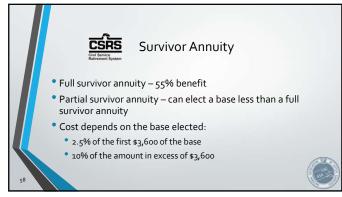
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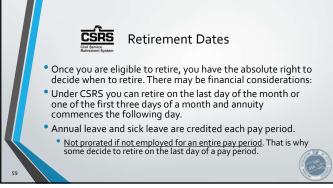


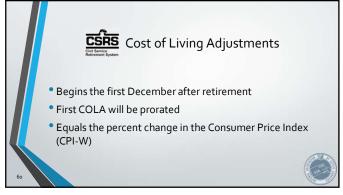




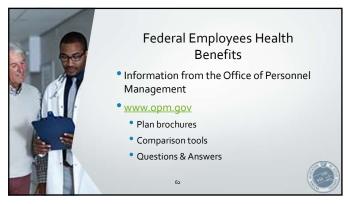










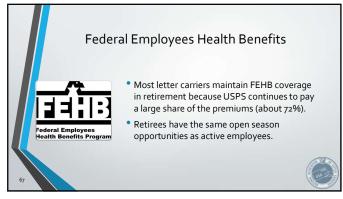


Federal Employees Health Benefits • In order to carry your FEHB coverage into retirement, you must be eligible to retire on an immediate annuity (including the FERS MRA + 10 retirement); and • 5-year rule: You must have been continuously enrolled (or covered as a family member) in any FEHB plan(s) for the 5 years of service immediately before the date your annuity starts • or for the full period(s) of service since your first opportunity to enroll, if less than 5 years

Federal Employees Health Benefits The 5-year requirement period can include the following: • the time you are covered as a family member under another person's FEHB enrollment; or • the time you are covered under the Uniformed Services Health Benefits Program (also known as TRICARE) as long as you were covered under a FEHB enrollment at the time of your retirement. NOTE: a surviving spouse can continue FEHB coverage after an annuitant's death only if a survivor election was made and the spouse was actively covered at the time of death.







Federal Employees Health Benefits Generally, decisions to drop FEHB coverage are irrevocable. Certain circumstances permit suspension (as opposed to termination) of FEHB enrollments enrolling in Medicare Advantage, TRICARE, CHAMPVA, or Medicaid. If you cancel your FEHB to be covered as a family member under another person's FEHB enrollment, you are eligible to reenroll if you lose coverage under the other person's enrollment as long as you were eligible to carry coverage at retirement. To reenroll, you must contact OPM within the period beginning 31 days before and ending 60 days after your loss of other FEHB coverage.

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Medicare Integration Postal Service Reform Act of 2022 Eliminated onerous prefunding of Retiree Health Benefits Six-day delivery secured Postal-only FEHB plans to integrate Medicare coverage

Medicare Integration Choice to enroll in Medicare (or not): Annuitants and active employees who retire before Jan. 1, 2025 Active employees at least 64 years of age as of Jan. 1, 2025 Special Enrollment Period Everyone else will be required to enroll in Medicare Parts A and B if maintaining FEHB/PSHB in retirement Approximately 80% of annuitants already choose to enroll in Part B





Federal Employees Group Life Insurance

- FEGLI is term life insurance. It does not build any cash value.
- There are no regularly scheduled open seasons to elect or increase FEGLI coverage. OPM schedules open seasons intermittently and rarely. Annuitants are not eligible to participate in open season (though certain compensationers are).
- FEGLI Handbook:





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Federal Employees Group Life Insurance

- In order to carry any FEGLI coverage into retirement, you must have been covered for the five years prior to retirement
- Annuitants can reduce or cancel FEGLI coverage at any time
- If annuitant elects to reduce or cancel any part of FEGLI coverage, the election is irrevocable
- Annuitants cannot increase coverage, even during open season



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Federal Employees Group Life Insurance

- Basic Final salary rounded up to nearest 1,000 plus \$2,000
- Option A Straight \$10,000.
- Option B Final salary rounded up to nearest \$1,000. Increased by up to 5 multiples.
- Option C Family: \$5,000 spouse and \$2,500 eligible children. Increased by up to 5 multiples .



Federal Employees Group Life Insurance • Basic – Final salary rounded up to nearest 1,000 plus \$2000 Three choices at retirement: 75% Reduction – payout reduces 2% per month starting at age 65 (or at retirement if > 65) until it reaches 25%, then frozen. No premiums once it starts to reduce. 50% Reduction – payout reduces 1% per month starting at age 65 (or at retirement if >65) until it reaches 50%, then frozen. Premiums increase with age for life (unless annuitant switches to 75% reduction).

No Reduction – payout remains the same. Premiums increase with age for life unless annuitant switches to 75% reduction.

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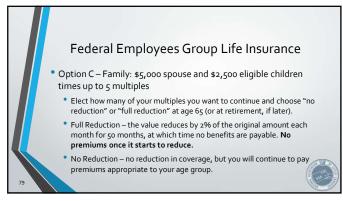
Federal Employees Group Life Insurance

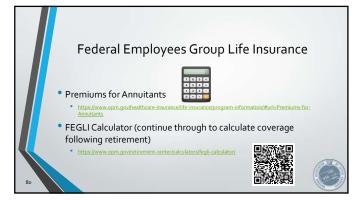
- Option A \$10,000 benefit
 - The amount of Option A coverage automatically begins reducing at age 65, or retirement, if later.
 - The amount of coverage reduces by 2% (\$200) each month until the amount has been reduced by 75%. Only 25% of the original amount (\$2,500) is payable as a death benefit once the full reduction has been reached. No premiums once it starts to reduce.
 - There is no election other than whether to keep it.

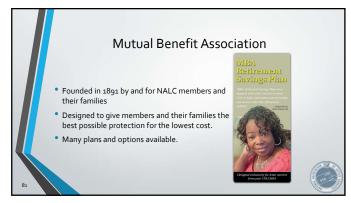
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Federal Employees Group Life Insurance

- Option B Final salary rounded to next \$1,000. Up to 5 multiples.
 - At retirement, elect how many of your multiples you want to continue, and choose "no reduction" or "full reduction" at age 65 (or retirement, if later).
 - You may split elections among your multiples.
 - Full Reduction the original value reduces by 2% each month for 50 months, at which time no benefits are payable. No premiums once it starts to reduce.
 - No Reduction no reduction in coverage, but you will continue to pay premiums associated with your age group.









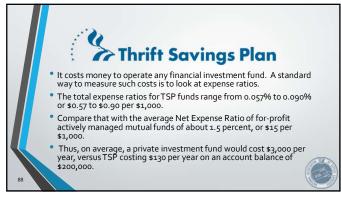




















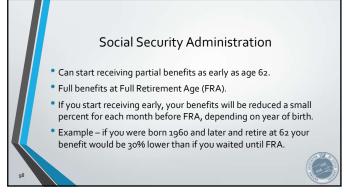


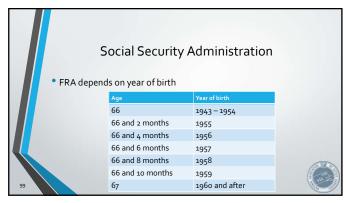












Social Security Administration

- You may choose to keep working beyond your FRA. If so, you can increase your future Social Security benefits in two ways:
 - Each extra year of work adds another year of earnings to your Social Security
 - Your benefit will increase automatically by a certain percentage from the time you reach your full retirement age until you start receiving your benefits or until you reach age 70. The percentage varies depending on your year of birth.
- For example, if you were born in 1943 or later, you'll add 8 percent a year to your benefit for each year you delay signing up for Social Security beyond your full retirement age.

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Social Security Administration

- Earnings limitation You can continue to work and still get retirement benefits. Social Security will reduce your benefits if your earnings exceed certain limits before you reach full retirement age:
 - The years before your FRA SSA will deduct \$1 in benefits for each \$2 you earn above the annual limit (\$22,320 for 2024).
 - In the calendar year you reach your FRA SSA will reduce your benefits \$1 for every \$3 you earn over an annual limit (\$59,520 for 2024) until the month you reach full retirement age.
 - Once you reach full retirement age, you can keep working and your benefit won't be reduced no matter how much you earn.

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Joining the 'Last Punch Bunch'

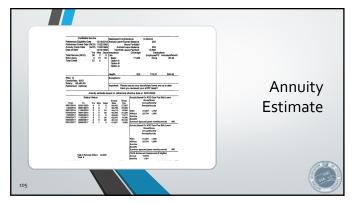
- Decide what day to retire
- Request annuity estimate & application
- Other considerations & prep
- Retirement counseling
- Complete the forms
- Send them in

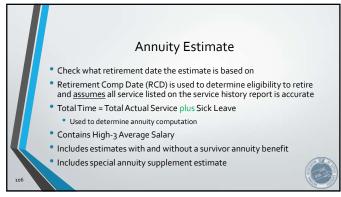




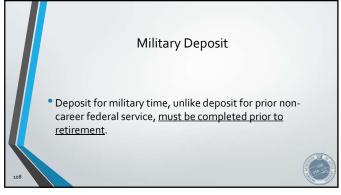
Best day to retire • Once you are eligible to retire, you have the absolute right to decide when to retire. There may be financial considerations: • Entitlement to FERS annuity begins the first day of the month following the month in which you retire. Therefore, many letter carriers decide to retire the last day of a month. • Annual leave and sick leave are not credited if an employee does not remain employed for an entire pay period, so some decide to retire last day of a pay period to receive the leave. • Big picture: any day that ends in 'Y' is a good day to retire.











Flexible Spending Account (FSA)

- Your period of participation ends the day after you retire.
 - You may file a claim for the expenses of services or items that were received prior to the day after your retirement.
 - Any services or items provided after your retirement date are not eligible for payment.
- Claims for reimbursement of services or items received while still employed may be made until September 30 of the following year.
- If you used your entire elected amount before it has been deducted from your pay, you will not be responsible for the remaining allotments.

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Uniforms

- Payment to the vendor is not allowed if the following conditions exist:
 - The employee separates from the uniform program for any reason, including retirement, within 30 days following purchase of items of uniform wear that are not recognizable as distinctive uniform items unless worn with the basic outer garments of the uniform.
 - Nondistinctive items: shoes, gloves, rubbers, galoshes, overboots, hose, face masks, pith helmets, and belts.
 - When there is evidence that, before making the purchase, the employee indicated an intention to separate from the uniform program for any reason, including retirement...
- See Employee and Labor Relations Manual Section 936.2



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Official Personnel Folder

- Official Personnel Folders (OPFs) contain important documents such as:
 - Health Benefits Program Registration
 - FEGLI Enrollment forms
 - Designations of Beneficiary
 - Form 50 history
- Before you retire, save your eOPF. You will lose access immediately upon separation.
 - You will not be able to retrieve documents from USPS after separation.
- Problems can arise with retirement that can be resolved easily if the retiree has these documents.



Retirement Counseling

- Call USPS HRSSC and request a counseling session.
- Session is on the clock if scheduled during tour of employee.
- You have a right to have your spouse and/or advisor present at the session.
 - If the spouse/advisor is also a postal employee, they do not have a right to be on the clock.
- You have a right to a private space for the session.
- M-01708 in NALC's Materials Reference System.



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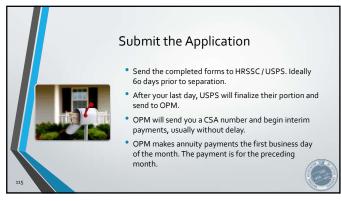
Complete the Forms

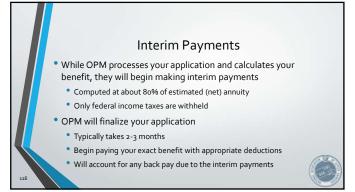
- The forms in the application book are preprinted with your name and employee ID number, which will help ensure efficient and problem-free processing.
- Copy the forms so that a blank form is always available. Some of the forms are not valid if erasures, whiteouts or corrections are
- Utilize the retirement counseling if you have questions about the
- Make copies of the completed forms for your records.

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Certified Summary of Federal Service

- Certified Summary of Federal Service
 - SF 3107-1 (FERS)
 - SF 2801-1 (CSRS)
- This form will come blank. However, the form clearly asks you to review the information after the employing office completes and certifies the form. You are not required to sign this form (blank or completed).
- If you request the Postal Service complete the form so that you can review it, and they refuse, talk to your shop steward. They can initiate a grievance prior to your separation. It doesn't have to stop you from retiring. In this event, shop stewards should consult with the Retirement Department.





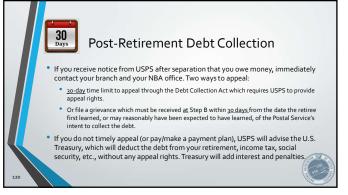


Terminal Leave Payments • Lump sum terminal leave payment includes: • accumulated AL up to maximum carryover • normally 440 hours, but expanded to 520 hours into the 2024 leave year • any unused donated leave • holidays that fall within the terminal leave period (for FTRs and PTRs) • Leave in excess of the carryover will be forfeited • Any part of the unused AL earned during the leave year of separation that is in excess of the carryover is granted prior to separation. AL would need to be requested. See ELM 512.732b

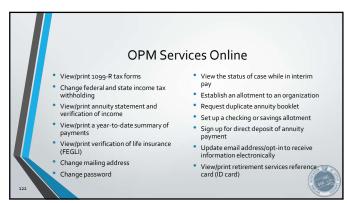
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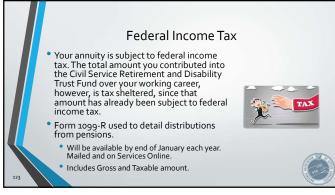
Direct Deposit OPM requires direct deposit of monthly annuity Deposit can be to an account at a financial institution such as a credit union or bank Or deposit can be to a Direct Express Card Can be used to make purchases at stores or financial institutions that accept MasterCard. There are no fees for the deposit into the card each month, and no charge for using the card to make purchases. Go to www.GoDirect.gov for information about fees and the surcharge free network.

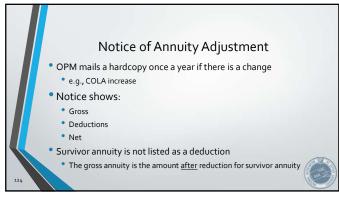
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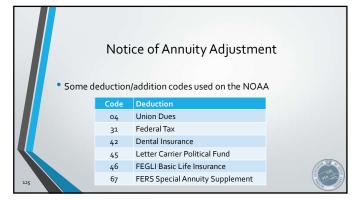


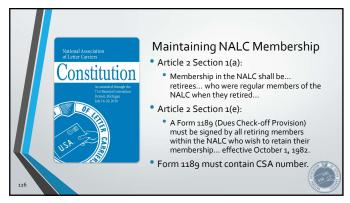


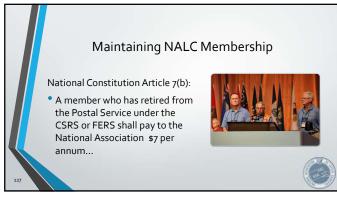


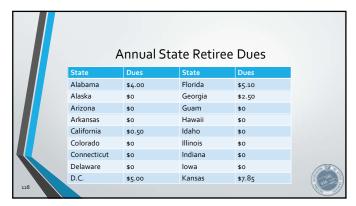




















Legislative Attacks on Retirement

- 2012 Budget Proposal to reduce Social Security COLAs (not passed)
- 2012 House Resolution passed: Changes employee contributions from 7% to 12%, employer contributions from 7% to 2% (not passed by the Senate)
- 2013 Law changed FERS employee contributions from 0.8% to 3.1% (law passed!)
- 2014 Law changed FERS employee contributions from 3.1% to 4.4% (law passed!)

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Legislative Attacks on Retirement

- 2018, 2019, 2020 Budget Proposals to:
 - change FERS employee contributions from 4.4% to 7.5%
 - change high-3 to high-5
 - eliminate FERS COLA
 - reduce CSRS COLA
 - eliminate FERS Special Annuity Supplement
 - reduce TSP G-Fund interest rate



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Legislative Attacks on Retirement

- Republican Study Committee 2024 Budget Proposal
 - Led by Chairman Kevin Hern (R-OK)
 - Eliminate the FERS basic benefit for all new employees
 - Change the high-3 average salary to high-5
 - Employees pay more
 - Reduce and eliminate COLAs



